

Synchronization

There are situations where we do NOT want methods (or code) to be invoked in parallel (multi-threaded) but rather sequentially.

Example: a method print() of printer should be used sequentially (> printer queue) and not in parallel).

```
StartThreads.java StartThreads2.java Printer.java ✖
1 package threads;
2
3 public class Printer {
4     public synchronized void print() {
5         System.out.println("Printer start printing");
6
7         //method access the printer hardware
8
9         System.out.println("Printer ends printing");
10    }
11 }
12 {
```

Option 1 :

Synchronizing an entire method

```
StartThreads.java StartThreads2.java Printer.java ✖
1 package threads;
2
3 public class Printer {
4     public void print() {
5         System.out.println("Printer start printing");
6
7         synchronized(new Object()) {
8             //method access the printer hardware
9         }
10
11        System.out.println("Printer ends printing");
12    }
13 }
14 {
```

Option 2 :

Synchronizing just a code block (i.e. a part of a method)

```
Printer.java ✖
1 package threads;
2
3 import java.util.concurrent.locks.Lock;
4 import java.util.concurrent.locks.ReentrantLock;
5
6 public class Printer {
7     public void print() {
8         System.out.println("Printer start printing");
9
10        Lock lock = new ReentrantLock();
11        lock.lock();
12
13        //method access the printer hardware
14
15        lock.unlock();
16
17        System.out.println("Printer ends printing");
18    }
19 }
20
```

Option 3:

```

package threads;

public class Bank {
    private int[] accounts = {30, 50, 100};

    public synchronized void transferMoney(int fromAccount, int toAccount, int amount) {
        int oldAmount = accounts[fromAccount];
        int newAmount = oldAmount - amount;
        accounts[fromAccount] = newAmount;

        try {
            //Thread.sleep(5000);
            Thread.sleep((int)Math.random() * 10000);
        } catch (InterruptedException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }

        int oldAmountTo = accounts[toAccount];
        int newAmountTo = oldAmountTo + amount;
        accounts[toAccount] = newAmountTo;
    }

    public synchronized void printBalance(){
        System.out.println("\nThe balances are ");
        for (int i = 0; i < accounts.length; i++) {
            System.out.println("The balance of account " + i + " is "+ accounts[i]);
        }
    }
}

```

synchronized

synchronized

```

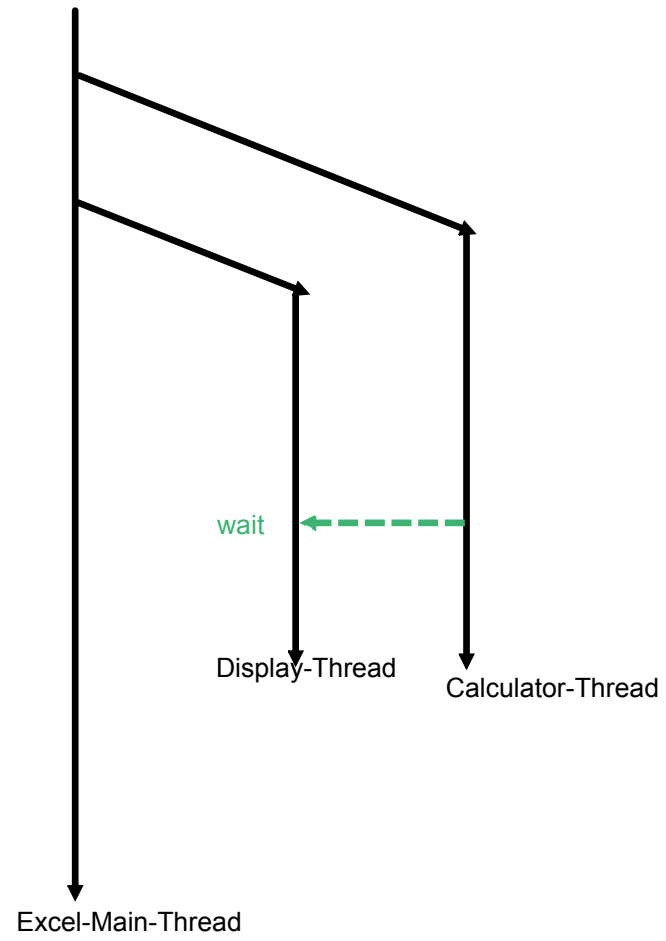
1 package threads;
2
3 public class Clerk extends Thread {
4     private Bank bank;
5     private int fromAccount;
6     private int toAccount;
7     private int amount;
8
9
10
11
12 public Clerk(Bank bank, int fromAccount, int toAccount, int amount) {
13     super();
14     this.bank = bank;
15     this.fromAccount = fromAccount;
16     this.toAccount = toAccount;
17     this.amount = amount;
18 }
19
20 public void run() {
21     bank.transferMoney(fromAccount, toAccount, amount);
22     bank.printBalance();
23 }
24
25
26

```

```

1 package threads;
2
3 public class StartBank {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5
6         Bank bank = new Bank();
7         bank.printBalance();
8
9         Clerk clerk1 = new Clerk(bank, 0, 1, 20);
10        Clerk clerk2 = new Clerk(bank, 1, 2, 20);
11        Clerk clerk3 = new Clerk(bank, 2, 0, 20);
12
13        clerk1.start();
14        clerk2.start();
15        clerk3.start();
16    }
17 }
18

```



Regular Expressions

Classes

- . (dot) any character
- \w word characters / letters A-Z a-z 0-9
- \W non-word characters
- \s white space characters empty, CR, TAB, LF
- \S non-white-space characters
- \d digits [0-9]
- \D non-digits
- [] Own class e.g. [aeiou] [A-Za-z]
- () Alternatives e.g. (de|com|org)

Special characters

- * Previous pattern repeated 0 to n times
- + Previous pattern repeated 1 to n times
- ? Previous pattern repeated 0 or 1 time
- {n,m} Previous pattern repeated min n and max m times
- {n,} Previous pattern repeated min n times
- {,m} Previous pattern repeated max m times
- \ Escape Character

Working with JUnit

1. File > new > Source Folder (name of new folder "test")
2. File > new > JUnit Test Case (name of class = name of class under tests + "Test" (e.g. EmailCheckTest))
3. Implement test code (in our case just copy from assignment)

Assignment: implement the method "checkValidAdress"

Offer: submit 10 exercises for final exam

